



Baggage Inspection Required for Travelers Going From Hawaii to the U.S. Mainland, Alaska, and Guam

The U.S. Department of Agriculture's (USDA) Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service (APHIS) prohibits or restricts the movement of many agricultural products from Hawaii into the U.S. mainland, including most fresh fruits and vegetables and certain types of plants and flowers. That's because these items could harbor a dangerous stowaway—an invasive pest or disease. Just one piece of fruit or a single plant that is carrying an invasive pest or disease could cause millions of dollars in damage and lead to expensive eradication efforts, lost trade revenue, and higher food prices.

To prevent the spread of invasive pests and diseases, APHIS inspects all passenger bags moving from Hawaii to the U.S. mainland, Alaska, and Guam. APHIS officials perform the inspection at the airport prior to your departure.

Please be prepared to open and close your own bags. Do not tape coolers and boxes closed until after inspection. If you have any fresh fruits or vegetables, plants, flowers, souvenirs made from plants or wood, or other agricultural products with you, please tell the inspector. Failure to declare these items can result in delays and possible issuance of civil penalties ranging from \$100 to \$1,000 per violation.

If you wish to ship or mail agricultural items to the U.S. mainland and Alaska, they must be inspected and/or certified by APHIS before you take them to an airline cargo office, the post office, or other courier service.

Fresh Fruits and Vegetables

Shipping or mailing most fresh fruits and vegetables from Hawaii directly or through Alaska or Guam to the continental United States is prohibited due to the risk of introducing certain invasive plant pests and diseases.

However, there are a few exceptions. Fresh pineapple and coconut are permitted after inspection. Fresh papaya, abiu, atemoya, banana, curry leaf, dragon fruit, longan, lychee, mangosteen, rambutan, starfruit, and sweet potato are permitted, but must be treated at a USDA-approved facility and packed in boxes that are properly marked and stamped.

Shipping or mailing processed fruits and vegetables is allowed. Processing methods include cooking, drying, or freezing. If freezing, all fruits must be frozen solid at the time of inspection. Frozen mango must be without seeds.

Please contact APHIS for more information about approved processing methods. Telephone numbers for local APHIS offices in Hawaii are provided on the next page.

Common Items From Hawaii Allowed into the U.S. Mainland, Alaska, and Guam After Inspection

- Beach sand
- Coconuts
- Commercially canned foods
- Dried seeds and decorative arrangements
- Fresh flowers, leis, and foliage (except any citrus or citrus-related flowers, leaves, or other plant parts, as well as jade vine or Mauna Loa)



- Hinahina (Spanish moss)
- Irish or white potatoes
- Fresh pineapple
- Treated fruit, such as papaya, abiu, atemoya, banana, curry leaf, dragon fruit, longan, lychee, mangosteen, rambutan, starfruit, and sweet potato¹
- Plants and cuttings²
- Rocks and stones
- Seashells, not land snail shells
- Seed leis and seed jewelry
- Wood (including driftwood and sticks) and wood roses (dried)

Additional Items From Hawaii Allowed into Guam

- Beets
- Rutabagas
- Turnips (without tops)

Additional Items From Hawaii Allowed into Alaska (but may not be re-transported to the contiguous United States)

- Chayote
- Green banana
- Green onion
- Lima bean
- Okra
- Pea
- Pumpkin
- Snow pea
- String bean
- Watermelon
- Winged bean
- Winter melon
- Yard long bean
- Zucchini

¹ These fruits must be treated at a USDA-approved facility and packed in boxes that are properly marked and stamped.

² For certifying rooted plant material, contact the Hawaii Department of Agriculture.

Common Items From Hawaii Not Allowed into the U.S. Mainland and Alaska

- Fresh fruits and vegetables, except for those listed as permitted
- Berries of any kind, including fresh coffee berries and sea grapes
- Cactus plants or cactus plant parts
- Cotton plant parts, including cotton bolls
- Fresh flowers of jade vine and Mauna Loa
- Kikania and fresh screwpine (pandanus) fruit
- Live insects and snails
- Seeds with fruit clinging and fresh seed pods
- Soil or any plants in soil
- Sugarcane
- Swamp cabbage (unchoy)
- Sweet potato (raw)
- Mock orange

This information is subject to change. For the most up-to-date information, contact your local APHIS office:

Honolulu	(808) 834-3220
Kona	(808) 326-1252
Kauai	(808) 632-2511
Hilo	(808) 933-6930
Maui	(808) 877-5261

For information on how to certify plants and cuttings, contact the Hawaii Department of Agriculture:

Honolulu	(808) 832-0566
Hilo	(808) 974-4141
Kauai	(808) 241-7135
Maui	(808) 872-3848
Kona	(808) 326-1077

For more information, please visit APHIS' website at www.aphis.usda.gov/travel.